# INDIAN INSTITUTE OF PETROLEUM AND ENERGY, VISAKHAPATNAM LIMITED DEPARTMENTAL COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION FOR THE POST

#### **ASSISTANT REGISTRAR**

#### Instructions:

- I. All questions in Part I carry equal marks (One mark each). (60X1)
- II. All questions in Part II carry equal marks (Ten marks each). (2X10)
- III. There is no negative marking.
- IV. The use of a calculator is allowed.

#### Part I

### **Objective Type Questions**

- 1. Which of the following is not a component of a TA bill of staff members of IIPE?
  - A) Fare
  - B) Accommodation Charges
  - C) Local Travel Charges
  - D) Composite Grant
- 2. Which of the following terms is not associated with a Pay bill?
  - A) House Rent Allowance
  - B) Dearness Allowance
  - C) Per Diem
  - D) Transport Allowance
- 3. Which of the following terms is associated with a Leave Travel Concession bill?
  - A) Fare
  - B) Dearness Allowance
  - C) Headquarter Allowance
  - D) Food Charges
- 4. A property was taken on rent by IIPE. The annual rent of the property is Rs. 5 Lakhs. Under which section should tax be deducted at the source while releasing rent payment?
  - A) 194 C
  - B) 192 B
  - C) 194 I
  - D) 197

- 5. IIPE purchased equipment for Rs. 1.5 Crores. Under which section should tax be deducted from the source when releasing payment to the vendor?
  - A) 194 I
  - B) 194 J
  - C) 194 A
  - D) 194 Q
- 6. Which of the following statements is true regarding section 194 J of the Income Tax Act?
  - A) TDS for payment of professional services is made under the section
  - B) No TDS is required under the section
  - C) TDS is deducted by the employer for salary payment under the section
  - D) TDS at the rate of 5% is made under the section
- 7. Which of the following statements is true regarding the current liabilities?
  - A) Lifetime liabilities are treated as current liabilities
  - B) Liabilities of less than a year are treated as current liabilities
  - C) Liabilities are treated as current liabilities irrespective of the period
  - D) Liabilities up to the depreciation period are treated as current liabilities
- 8. Which of the following is not part of the receipt and payment statement?
  - A) Bank Balance
  - B) Receivable rent
  - C) Rent received
  - D) Payment released
- 9. Which of the following is not part of the Balance Sheet?
  - A) Capital Fund
  - B) Tangible Assets
  - C) Depreciation
  - D) Earmarked Fund
- 10. Which of the following is part of the Income and Expenditure?
  - A) Academic Receipts
  - B) Bank Balance
  - C) Contingent Liabilities
  - D) Debtors
- 11. IIPE purchased software. In how many years the software will be fully depreciated?
  - A) Ten years
  - B) Fifteen years

- C) Seven and a half years
- D) Two and a half years
- 12. Choose the odd one out.
  - A) Books
  - B) E-resources
  - C) Software
  - D) Patents
- 13. Choose the odd one out.
  - A) Investments
  - B) Prior period income
  - C) Loans
  - D) Capital work in progress
- 14. In reference to the annual accounts of IIPE which of the following is correctly matched?
  - A) Schedule 2: Current Liabilities
  - B) Schedule 4: Investments
  - C) Schedule 6: Academic Expenses
  - D) Schedule 10: Grants/Subsidies
- 15. Which of the following statements is false?
  - A) Depreciation is treated as expenditure
  - B) Unutilized Grants are treated as expenditure
  - C) Prior period expenditure is treated as expenditure
  - D) Establishment payments are treated as expenditure
- 16. Which one is the default Tax regime for an employee as per Income Tax rules?
  - A) Old Tax Regime
  - B) New Tax Regime
  - C) Either A or B
  - D) None of the above

Please read the following to answer Q. No. 17 to 21.

A, B, and C are three colleagues under NPS, their contribution under NPS will be Rs. 1.5 Lakhs for each of the employees for FY 2024-25. An equal amount of contributions will be made by their employer i.e. 10 % of the salary (Basic + DA).

- The income of A would be Rs. 35 Lakhs in FY 2024-25, he has a home loan on a self-occupied property on which he will pay an interest of Rs. 2 Lakhs in FY 2024-25. He wishes to choose the old tax regime.
- The income of B would be Rs. 38 Lakhs in FY 2024-25, he wishes to choose the new tax regime.
- The income of C would be Rs. 55 Lakhs in FY 2024-25, he has a home loan on a self-occupied property on which he will pay an interest of Rs. 2.3 Lakhs in FY 2024-25. He wishes to choose the old Tax regime.
- 17. Who will pay the highest value of income tax among A, B, and C for FY 2024-25, as per their choices of tax regimes?
  - A) A
  - B) B
  - C) C
  - D) A and C paid equal tax
- 18. What would be the value of income tax to be paid by C for FY 2024-25?
  - A) Rs. 13.49.400/-
  - B) Rs. 14,55,740/-
  - C) Rs. 17,28,240/-
  - D) Rs. 18,78,480/-
- 19. What would be the value of income tax for C if he chooses the New Tax Regime?
  - A) Rs. 13,49,400/-
  - B) Rs. 14,55,740/-
  - C) Rs. 17,28,240/-
  - D) Rs. 18,78,480/-
- 20. What would be the value of income tax for A if he chooses the New Tax Regime?
  - A) Rs. 7,25,400/-
  - B) Rs. 6,99,400/-
  - C) Rs. 7,07,400/-
  - D) Rs. 7,25,200/-
- 21. Which of the following statements is false?
  - A) Employer contribution under NPS is taxable for A, B, and C
  - B) Employer contribution under NPS is not taxable for A, B, and C
  - C) Employee contribution under NPS is deducted for A for the calculation of the Income Tax.

- 24. Which of the following is not correct regarding Goods and Services Tax?
  - A) GSTR 1 can be filed monthly or quarterly
  - B) E-invoicing is mandatory for all
  - C) TDS should be made for payments above Rs. 2.5 Lakhs
  - D) None of the above
- 25. IIPE needs to pay GST under -----while releasing payments to advocates?
  - A) Normal Charge Mechanism
  - B) Reverse Charge Mechanism
  - C) Either NCM or RCM
  - D) None of the above
- 26. Which of the following receipts of funds by IIPE is not exempt from GST?
  - A) Capital Grants from the Government of India
  - B) Research Grants from the Government of India
  - C) Sponsorship Grants from a private organization in India
  - D) Research Grants from a private organization in India
- 27. Which of the following receipts of funds by IIPE is exempt from GST?
  - A) Academic fees received from students
  - B) Rent received from a taxi service provider
  - C) Registration fees received from participants
  - D) Nominal water charges received from a catering service provider
- 28. What is the definition of an asset in accounting terms?

- A) An item having a useful life of more than a year
- B) A useful item irrespective of lifespan
- C) An item having a significantly higher magnitude of expenditure
- D) A useful item having a significantly higher magnitude of expenditure
- 29. What is the due date for submission of the utilization certificate in respect of Grants by IIPE?
  - A) Three months from the closure of the financial year
  - B) Six months from the closure of the financial year
  - C) Nine months from the closure of the financial year
  - D) Twelve months from the closure of the financial year
- 30. A private company donated an asset to IIPE. Who shall have ownership of the donated asset?
  - A) The private company
  - B) IIPE
  - C) Either IIPE or the private company
  - D) None of the above
- 31. An equipment was procured by IIPE costing Rs.1 Lakh plus GST 18%. The equipment has a rate of depreciation of 7.5%. What would be the depreciated value of the equipment after three years?
  - A) Rs. 1,00,000/-
  - B) Rs. 1,18,000/-
  - C) Rs. 93,392/-
  - D) Rs.91,450/-

- 32. An item was procured costing ₹5,00,000/- plus GST 18%. Freight charges of Rs. 10,000/- were paid additionally. The item was installed by another agency for Rs.25,000/-, then it was put to use. What should be the value of the asset in the books of accounts of IIPE?
  - A) Rs. 5,00,000/-
  - B) Rs. 5,90,000/-
  - C) Rs. 6,25,000/-
  - D) None of the above
- 33. An equipment was procured by IIPE costing Rs.1 Lakh plus GST 18%. The equipment has a rate of depreciation of 7.5%. What would be the approximate

depreciated value of the equipment after three years, if the reducing balance method is applicable?

- A) Rs. 1,00,000/-
- B) Rs. 1,18,000/-
- C) Rs. 93,392/-
- D) Rs.91,450/-
- 34. Which of the following is a depreciable asset?
  - A) Land
  - B) Patent
  - C) Goodwill
  - D) Site Development
- 35. Which of the following statements is false regarding Grants-in-aid from the Government of India?
  - A) Grants for capital assets are not part of the Income and Expenditure statement
  - B) Grants for recurring expenditure are part of the Income and Expenditure statement
  - C) Unutilsed Grants for recurring expenditure are treated as current liabilities
  - D) Unutilsed Grants for capital assets are treated as current assets
- 36. Which of the following statements is true regarding Contingent Liabilities?
  - A) Contingent liabilities are part of current liabilities
  - B) Contingent liabilities are uncertain liabilities
  - C) Contingent liabilities are certain liabilities for upcoming financial years
  - D) Contingent liabilities are uncertain liabilities for the previous financial year
- 37. Which of the following is the difference between tangible and intangible assets?
  - A) The magnitude of expenditure is higher in intangible assets in comparison to tangible assets
  - B) The magnitude of expenditure is higher in tangible assets in comparison to intangible assets
  - C) Tangible assets are physical assets whereas intangible assets are nonphysical assets
  - D) Tangible assets have a higher useful life whereas intangible assets have a lesser useful life
- 38. Which of the following statements is true regarding partial withdrawal from NPS?

- A) Partial withdrawal can be drawn from the NPS (Employer deposit) fund after three years of subscription
- B) Partial withdrawal can be drawn from the NPS (Employer deposit + employee deposit) fund after three years of subscription
- C) Partial withdrawal can be drawn from the NPS (Employee deposit) fund after three years of subscription
- D) None of the above
- 39. Which of the following statements is true regarding the Earmarked Funds?
  - A) Earmarked funds are created for a specific purpose for creation of capital assets only
  - B) Earmarked funds are created for a specific purpose for recurring expenditures only
  - C) Earmarked funds are created for a specific purpose for creation of capital assets as well as recurring expenditures
  - D) Earmarked funds are created for the contingent works
- 40. Which of the following statements is not true regarding unutilized Grants?
  - A) Unutilised Grants are treated as current assets
  - B) Unutilised Grants are treated as current liabilities
  - C) Unutilised Grants are treated as current assets and an equal amount is treated as investment
  - D) Unutilised Grants are treated as current liabilities and an equal amount is treated as investment
- 41. Which of the following statements regarding Children Education Allowance and Hostel Subsidy is false?
  - A) Children Education Allowance and Hostel Subsidy can be claimed concurrently
  - B) It can be claimed for the two eldest surviving children
  - C) Its rate increases by 25% whenever DA increases by 50%
  - D) All statements are true
- 42. Which of the following statements regarding Transport Allowance is not true?
  - A) Transport Allowance is paid along with salary
  - B) Transport is paid irrespective of distance between residence and place of work
  - C) Its rate increases whenever DA crosses 50%
  - D) It's payable when an employee attends the office during the calendar month
- 43. Which of the following statements regarding Suspension is true?
  - A) Half salary is payable during the period of suspension

<ul> <li>B) Transport Allowance is payable during the period of suspension</li> <li>C) Subsistence Allowance is payable during the period of suspension</li> <li>D) Children Education Allowance is not payable during the period of suspension</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>44 employees are entitled to travel in AC class of train.</li> <li>A) Group A</li> <li>B) Group B</li> <li>C) Group C</li> <li>D) All</li> </ul>
45. Casual leave can be combined with A) Special Casual Leave B) Earned Leave C) Either A or B D) None of the above
46. Paternity Leave can be granted for a maximum duration ofdays.  A) 10 B) 15 C) 30 D) 180
<ul> <li>47. An officer under NPS on retirement on superannuation is not entitled to the following:</li> <li>A) Pension out of 40% of the fund</li> <li>B) Gratuity</li> <li>C) Lumpsum 60% of the fund</li> <li>D) GPF</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>48. In the case of a Divyaang child, Children Education Allowance is payable at</li> <li> of the normal rate to a government employee.</li> <li>A) One and a half</li> <li>B) Twice</li> <li>C) Thrice</li> <li>D) None of the above</li> </ul>
49.Leave not due is adjusted against A) Half Pay Leave B) Earned Leave C) Casual Leave D) None of the above
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- 50.----days of earned leave can be encashed during LTC.

  A) 10
  B) 15
  C) 30
  D) 180

  51 ------of basic pay is payable as Deputation Duty Allowance at other sta
- 51.----of basic pay is payable as Deputation Duty Allowance at other station.
  - A) 5%
  - B) 10%
  - C) 20%
  - D) 25%
- 52. The Institute is planning to procure an equipment costing Rs. 7.5 Lakhs through GeM. The method of procurement would be:
  - A) Direct purchase: Rule 149(i) of GFR 2017
  - B) Procurement through comparison: Rule 149(ii) of GFR 2017
  - C) Procurement through tendering: Rule 149(iii) of GFR 2017
  - D) Any of the above
- 53. In the case of non-GeM purchases, an advertised tendering was mandatory for procurement of goods above Rs. 25 Lakhs prior to amendment in GFR 2017. Now advertised tendering is mandatory above Rs.------
  - A) Rs. 25 Lakhs
  - B) Rs. 30 Lakhs
  - C) Rs. 50 Lakhs
  - D) Rs. 1 Crore
- 54. According to Public Procurement (Preference to Make in India), Order 2017, and subsequent orders, who qualifies as a class II local supplier?
  - A) Having Local content more than 20%
  - B) Having Local content more than 25%
  - C) Having Local content more than 50%
  - D) Having Local content more than 75%
- 55. Under the RTI Act, 2005, which of the following is true regarding the time frame for responding to an information request?
  - A) The information must be provided within 15 days from the receipt of the request
  - B) The information must be provided within 30 days from the receipt of the request
  - C) The information must be provided within 60 days from the receipt of the request
  - D) The information must be provided within 45 days from the receipt of the request

- 56. Which of the following authorities is responsible for ensuring the proper implementation of the RTI Act in India?
  - A) The Ministry of Home Affairs
  - B) The Central Information Commission (CIC)
  - C) The Election Commission of India
  - D) The Comptroller and Auditor General of India
- 57. Under the General Financial Rules (GFR) 2017, which of the following is true about the advance payment for procurement of goods and services?
  - A) Advance payments can be made without any conditions
  - B) Advance payments are prohibited in all procurement contracts
  - C) Advance payments can be made up to 30% for fabrication contract
  - D) Advance payments must be made after 50% of the work is completed
- 58. Under the rules for accounts management in academic institutes of India, which of the following is considered a part of the "capital expenditure"?
  - A) Salaries of faculty members
  - B) Maintenance of campus infrastructure
  - C) Purchase of computers and lab equipment
  - D) Student scholarships and grants
- 59. Which of the following is a ground for initiating disciplinary action against a government employee?
  - A) Reporting a work issue to a colleague
  - B) Disobedience of lawful orders or misconduct
  - C) Taking leave for personal reasons
  - D) Attending an official meeting
- 60. Who has the authority to impose major penalties, such as dismissal or reduction in rank, in disciplinary proceedings against a government employee?
  - A) The immediate supervisor
  - B) The disciplinary authority
  - C) The union representative
  - D) The Prime Minister

## Part II Descriptive Type Questions

All questions carry equal marks. (10X2)

Read the following to answer the questions:

61. Prepare the Balance sheet of the Institute as on 31 March 2024 based on the following information:

Values of different schedules as on 31 March 2024

S.N.	Schedule	Particulars	Amount in Rs.
1	1	Corpus/Capital	10,65,21,47,175
2	2	Earmarked Fund	37,40,02,715
3	3	Current Liabilities	1,16,30,94,414
4	4	Fixed Assets	11,19,43,06,213
5	4	Depreciation	42,45,30,370
6	5	Investments	1,26,00,000
7	7	Current Assets	2,42,06,31,222
8	9	Academic Receipts	22,58,02,366
9	10	Grants from the Government of India	1,51,40,78,049
10	13	Other Income	1,85,21,848
11	15	Establishment Expenses	40,58,35,374
12	17	Administrative Expenses	21,73,77,333
13	21	Other Expenses	0

62. Write a letter to the Secretary Ministry of Petroleum and Natural Gas, Government of India from Registrar IIPE requesting Grants-in-aid for the creation of capital assets.